WIKIPEDIA

Latin

Latin ek purana bhasa bhasa hai jisme Roman log baat karat rahin. Aaj kal bahut log ii bhasa me nai baat kare hai, lekin school me bahut students log iske sikhe hai. Latin, Roman Catholic Church aur Vatican ke official language hai.

Science aur medicine ke dher sabd Latin se banawa gais hai, nai to Latin sabd hai.

Dui rakam ke Lain hai: Classical Latin aur Vulgar Latin. Classical Latin, Romans log ke khatir literary standard rahaa, Roman Catholic Church aur students logan use kare hai. Vulgar Latin, uu bhasa rahaa jisme Roman logan jaada kar ke baat karat rahin.

Latin, Middle Ages ke ek khaas bhasa rahaa. Iske sab European schools me parrhawa jawat rahaa, aur sab universities Latin me parrhat rahin. Reformation ke time se Latin aapan importance ke lose kar diis hai.

Dher bhasa jisme aaj kal baat karaa jaae hai Latin bhasa se aais hai. Ii bhasa ke Romance languages bola jaae hai. Paannch sab se barraa Romance languages hai French, Romanian, Italian, Portuguese, aur Spanish. Aur Indo-European languages bhi Latin se related hai.

Latin	
lingua Latina	
Latin inscription in the Colosseum	
Naam ke bole ke dhang	[laˈtiːna]
Spoken in	Roman Monarchy, Roman Republic, Roman Empire, Medieval and Early modern Europe, Armenian Kingdom of Cilicia (as lingua franca), Template:Country data VAT Vatican City
Total speakers	–
Language family	Indo-European ▪ Italic ▪ Latino-Faliscan ▪ Latin
Official status	
Official language in	Holy See
Regulated by	In antiquity, Roman schools of grammar and rhetoric.[1] Today,

Basic structure and grammar

Latin ke structure Ancient Greek ke rakam hai lekin ii different alphabet use kare hai. Latin me noun cases hai jisme se khaali paanch unique hai: Nominative, Genitive, Dative, Accusative, aur Ablative.

Ek aur case, Vocative case, lag bhag Nominative case ke rakam hai. Latin nouns ke *decline*, nai to badlaa jaae hai, according to how they are used in the sentence. Ek noun ke paanch rakam se decline karaa jaae hai.

Hafta ke din

Fiji Hindi	Latin
Sombaar	dies lunae
Mangar	dies Martis
Budh	dies Mercurii
Bif	dies Iovis
Suk	dies Veneris
Sanichar	dies Saturni
Etwaar	dies solis

[3]

	Opus Fundatum Latinitas.[2]
Language codes	
ISO 639-1	la
ISO 639-2	lat
ISO 639-3	lat
Linguasphere	51-AAB-a

Greatest extent of the Roman Empire. Latin was by no means confined to these regions, and Koine Greek, Coptic, Syriac, and other native languages dominated the eastern half.

Note: Ii panna me saait IPA phonetic symbols Unicode me hoi.

References

1. Template:Cite encyclopedia
2. Opus Fundatum Latinitas is an organ of the Roman Catholic Church, and regulates Latin with respect to its status as official language of the Holy See and for use by Catholic clergy.
3. Latin Days of the week (http://ancienthistory.about.com/od/socialculture/a/120709dieshebdomadis.htm)

Latin ii plaque me likha hai: "1883 ke saal me, baarah baje ke baad, duusra aur tiisra ghanta ke biich me, Emperor Francis Joseph, kuch log ke saathe, library ke aapan presence se honour karie."

Latin dictionary

Ii bhasa ke aapan **Wikipedia** hai.
Latin edition ke dekho

"https://hif.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=Latin&oldid=194169" se lawa gais hae

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